

Summary of Coupling in Multinuclear NMR

**Two spin $\frac{1}{2}$ 100% abundant nuclei
 $(^1\text{H}, ^{19}\text{F}, ^{31}\text{P}, ^{103}\text{Rh}, ^{89}\text{Y})$**

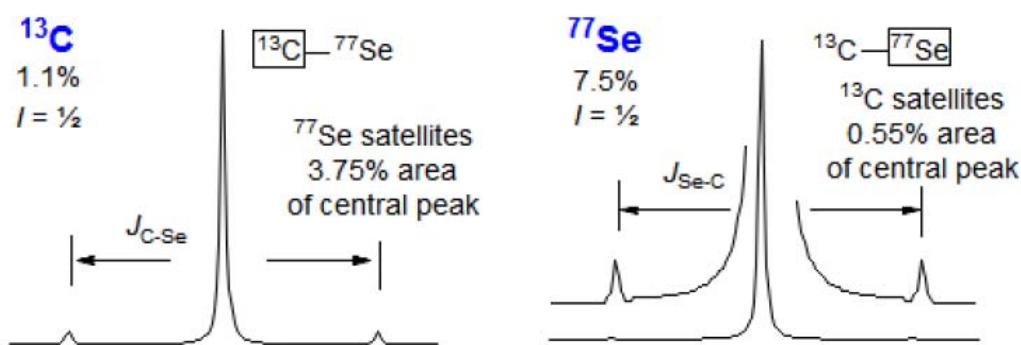
Both nuclei will show full coupling, just as in proton-proton coupling

One spin $\frac{1}{2}$ 100% abundant nucleus and one low abundance nucleus

The low abundance nucleus will show full coupling, the 100% abundant nucleus will show *satellites*.

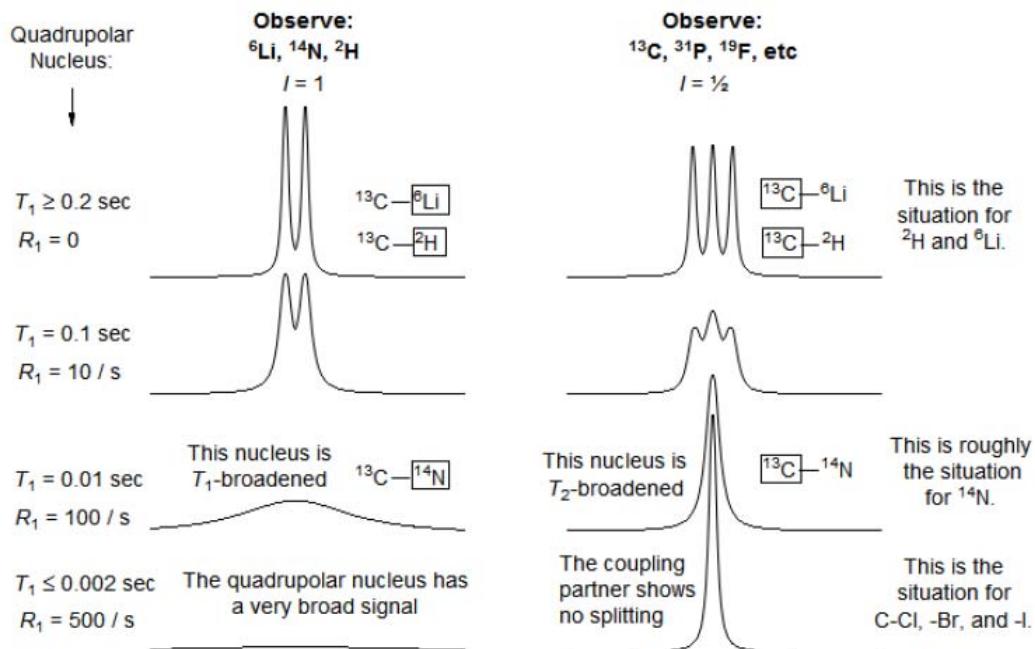
Two spin $\frac{1}{2}$ low abundance nuclei

Both nuclei will show *satellites*. Homonuclear coupling only seen as satellites.



One spin $\frac{1}{2}$ nucleus and one quadrupolar nucleus

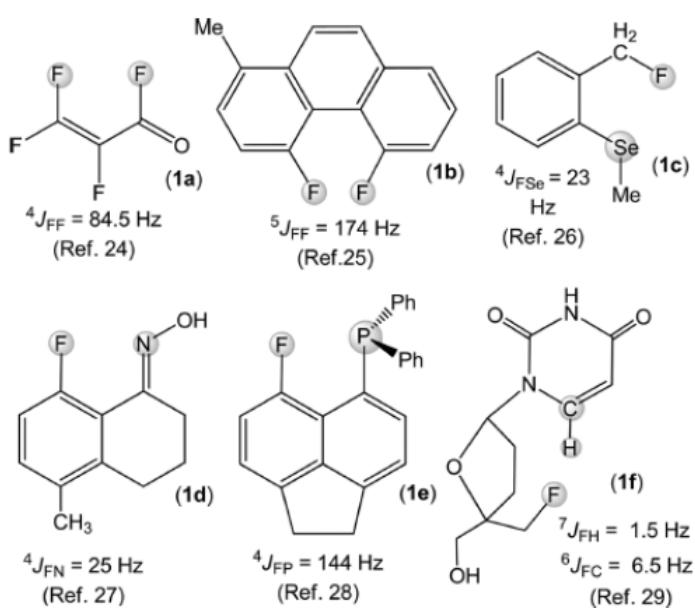
The appearance of both signals will depend on the the T_1 of the quadrupolar nucleus
(we can assume that the spin $\frac{1}{2}$ nucleus will always have relatively long T_1).



جفت شدنها از طریق فضا

با جفت شدن اسپین-اسپین مستقیم متفاوت است و متوسط آن در محلول صفر نمی شود

Scheme 1. Molecular Structures of Small Organics with ^1H , ^{13}C , ^{14}N , ^{19}F , ^{31}P , and ^{77}Se Spin-Active Nuclei^a



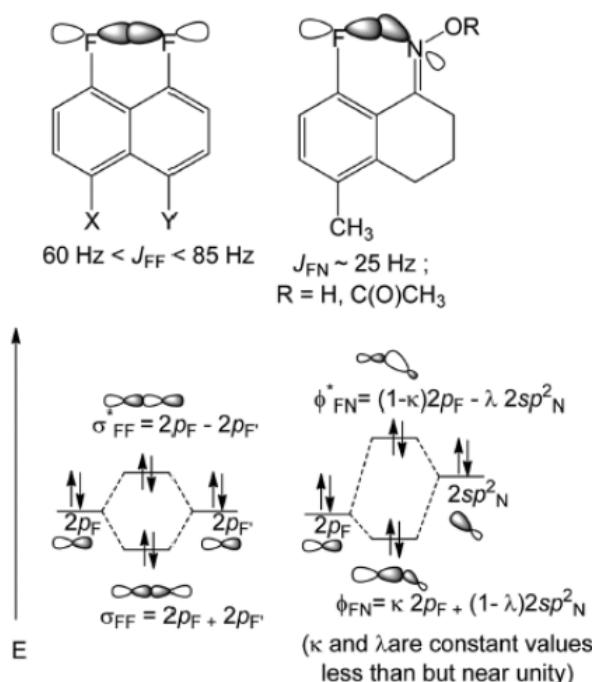
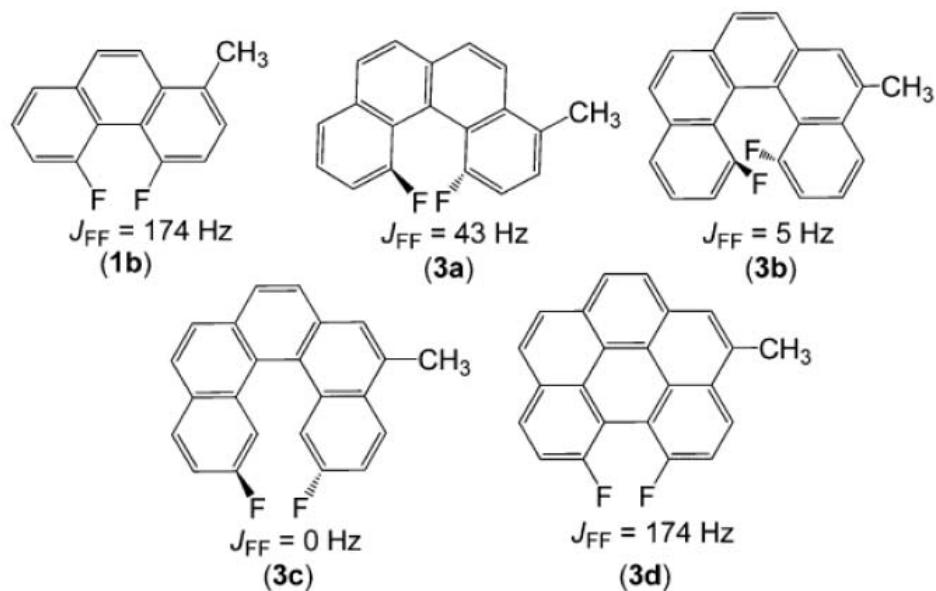


Figure 2. Orbitals generated by the overlap of two lone-pair orbitals on intramolecularly crowded nitrogen- and fluorine-containing compounds according to Mallory's model.

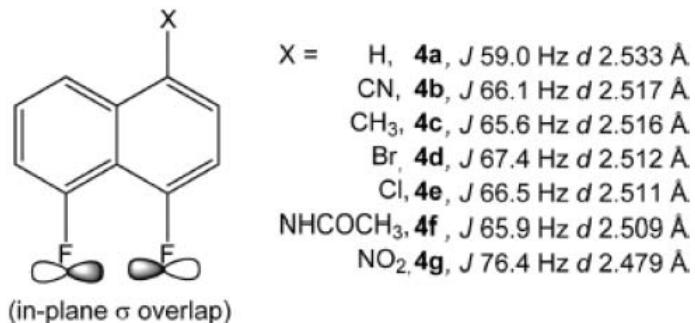
Chem. Rev. 2014, 114, 4838–4867

Scheme 3. J_{FF} TS Couplings Decrease in the Series of Difluoro Benzenoid Fused Rings 3a–3c with the Increase of Helical Character of the Structure

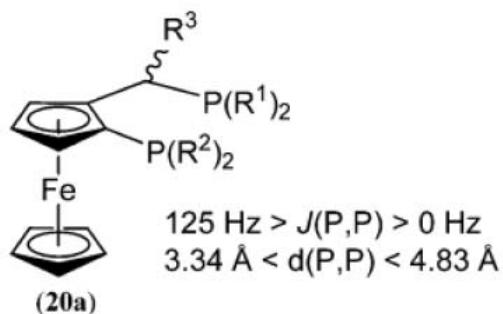


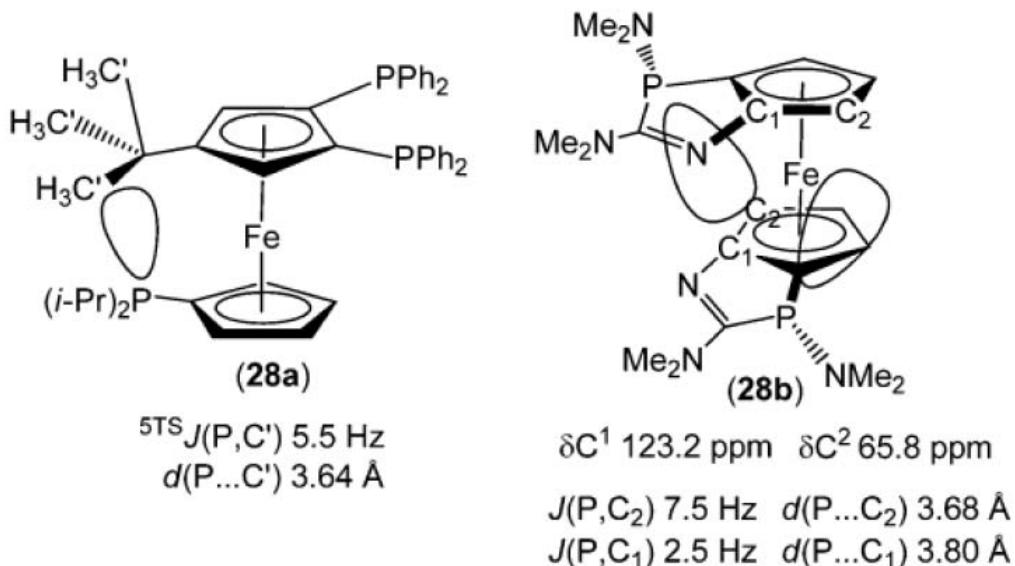
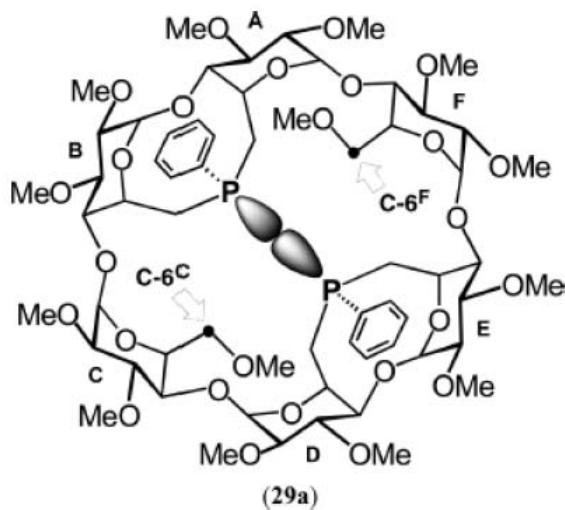
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Scheme 4. 1,8-Difluoronaphthalene Molecules with SSCCs
 $J_{FF} = 68 \pm 8$ Hz

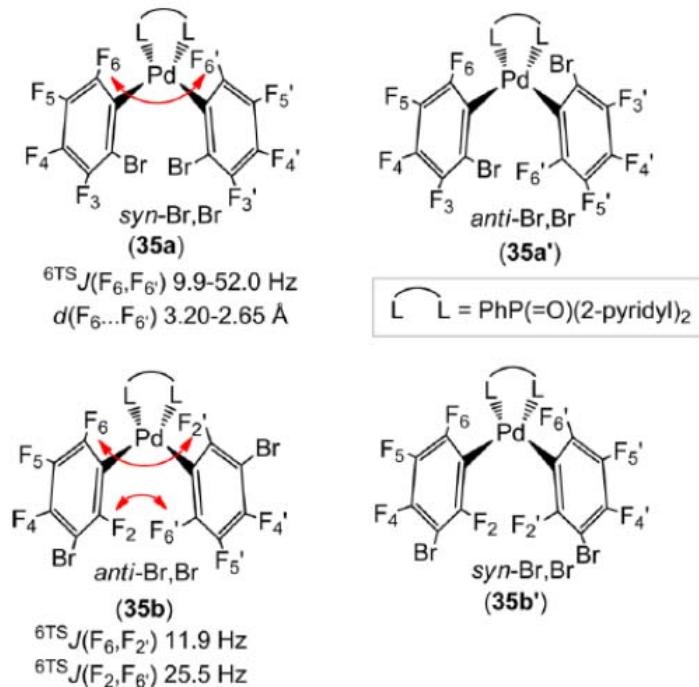


Scheme 20. Ferrocenyl Homoannular Diphosphines (R^1 , R^2 , R^3 = aryl or alkyl)

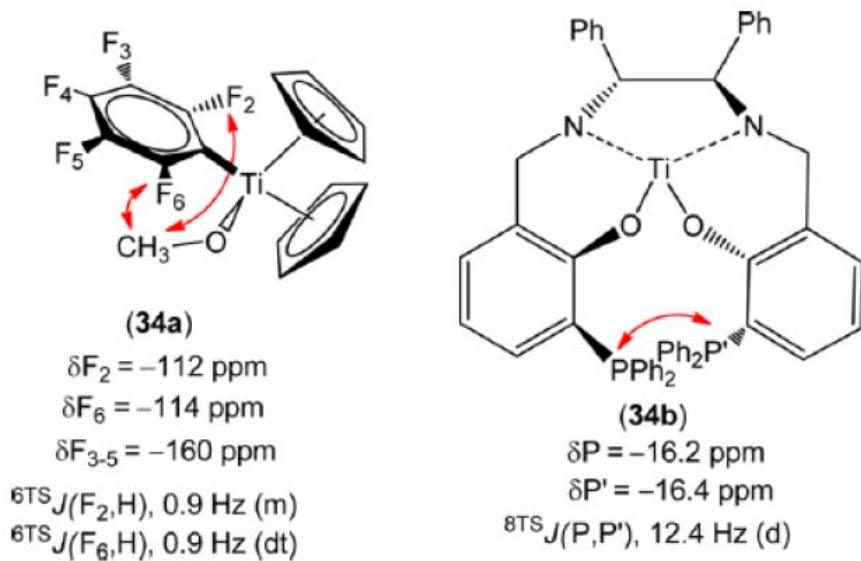


Scheme 28. $^{7\text{S}}J_{\text{PC}}$ Couplings within Ferrocenyl Phosphine**Scheme 29.** $^{8\text{TS}}J_{\text{PC}}$ in a Cyclodextrin-Based Diphosphine^a

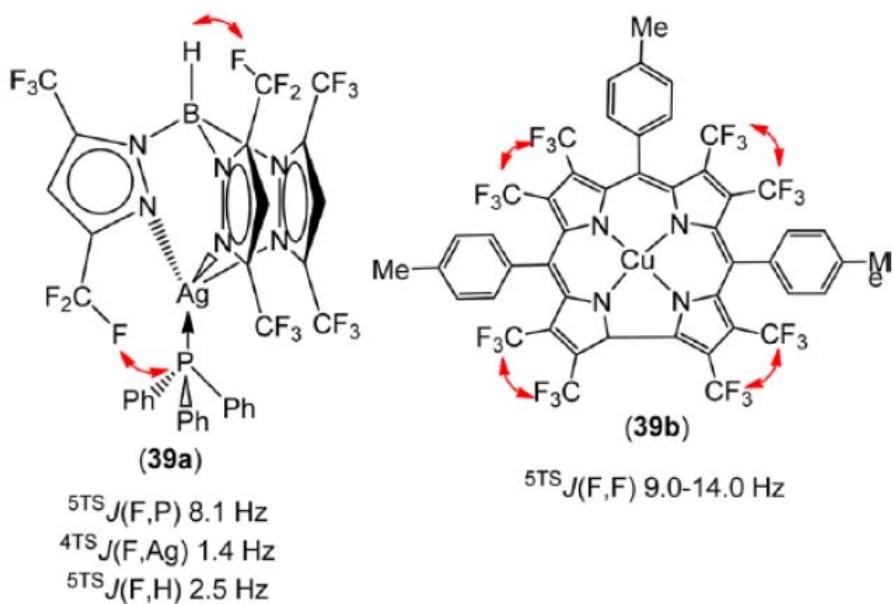
Scheme 35. ^{19}F – ^{19}F Inter-ring SSCCs for Palladium Complexes Bearing the Asymmetric Fluorinated Aryl Groups $m\text{-C}_6\text{BrF}_4$ and $o\text{-C}_6\text{BrF}_4$



Scheme 34. $^{\text{TS}}J_{\text{FH}}$ and $^{\text{TS}}J_{\text{PP}}$ in Titanium Complexes

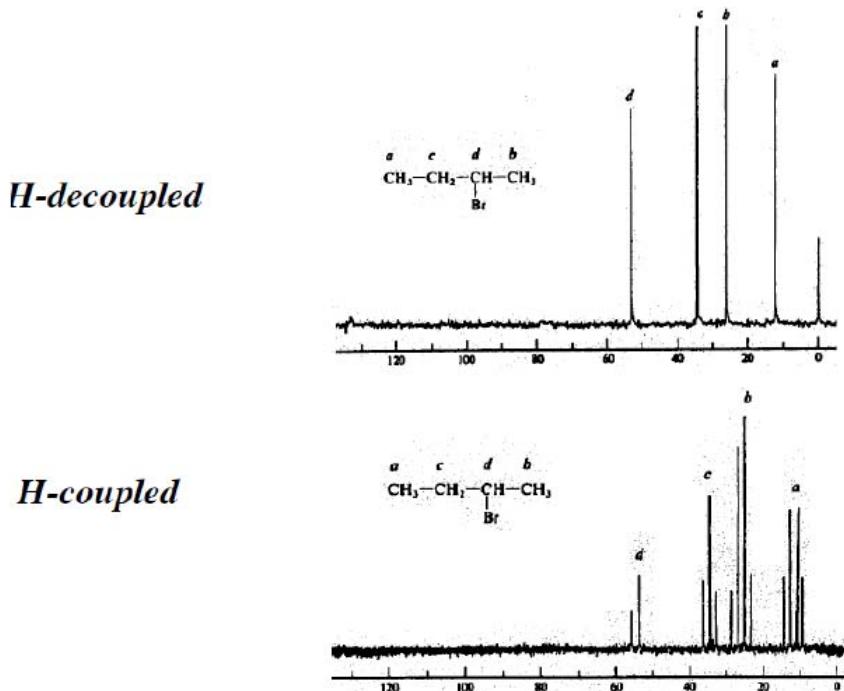


Scheme 39. Trifluoromethylated Tris(pyrazolyl)borato and Corrole Complexes of Ag and Cu



جفت شدن‌های سایر هسته‌ها
Heteronuclear Couplings

Review: Carbon-Proton Coupling (Ch. 4.3 & 4.4)



Carbon-Deuterium Coupling (Ch. 4.13)

For I = 1 : $2n+1$ lines

n	$2nl+1$ Lines	Relative Intensities
0	1	1
1	3	1 1 1
2	5	1 2 3 2 1
3	7	1 3 6 7 5 3 1
4	9	1 4 10 16 19 16 10 4 1
5	11	1 5 15 30 45 51 45 30 15 5 1
6	13	1 6 21 50 90 126 141 126 90 50 21 6 1

FIGURE 4.17 An intensity triangle for deuterium multiplets (n = number of deuterium atoms).

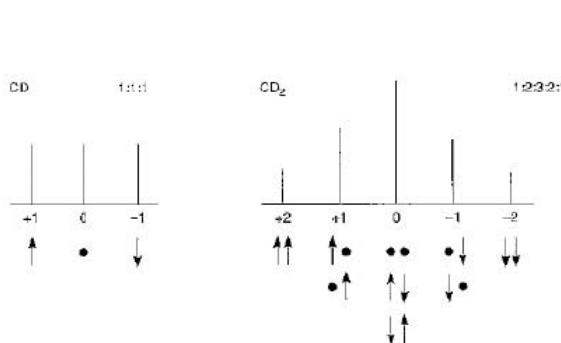


FIGURE 4.18 An intensity analysis of three- and five-line deuterium multiplets.

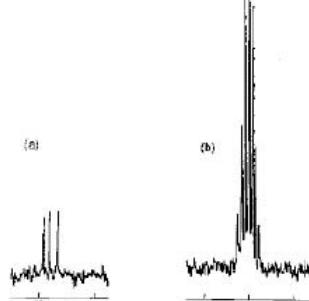
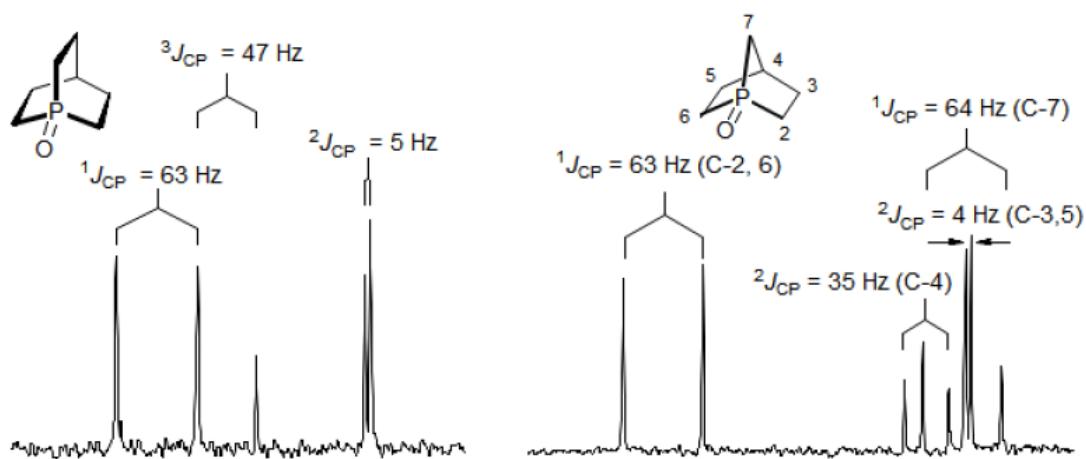
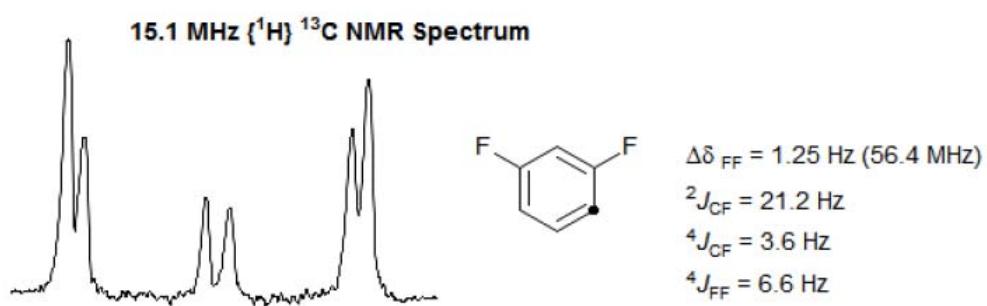


FIGURE 4.16 The ^{13}C NMR peaks of two common solvents. (a) Chloroform-d. (b) Dimethylsulfoxide-d6.



25 MHz ^{13}C NMR spectra of two bicyclic phosphine oxides (Wetzel, Kenyon *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1974, 96, 5189).



^{13}C NMR signal of C-4 of 1,3-difluorobenzene (Weigert, F. J.; Roberts, J. D. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1971, 93, 2361).